

History of Ancient Rome
MEETING 10
Augustus, Princeps, Imperator

- Rome after Caesar
- Octavian and Antony
- The first princeps
- Augustus's reign
- The death of Augustus

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Five things today

- 1 Rome after Caesar
- 2 Octavian and Antony
- 3 The first princeps
- 4 Augustus's reign
- 5 The death of Augustus

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Quiz #6: End of the Republic

1. What do you think were the most important reasons why Octavian was able to prevail over Antonius?
2. Describe at least one of the Greek philosophies becoming progressively important in Late Republic Rome. What was the appeal for the Romans? How did it help shape the culture of the Late Republic?

EC1. All of these relationships had a major impact on events leading to the end of the Republic EXCEPT:
 (a) Octavian and Livia Drusilla
 (b) Antonius and Octavia
 (c) Antonius and Cleopatra
 (d) Lepidus and Julia Secunda

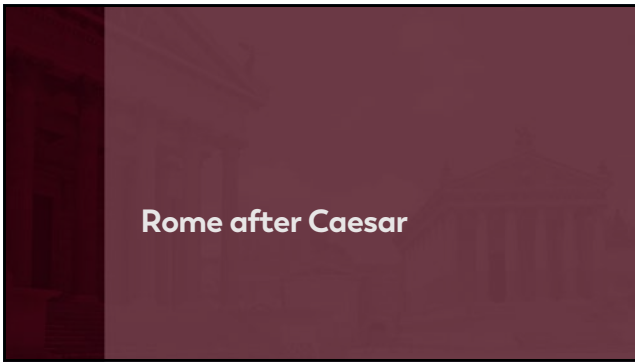
EC2. According to the text, "Upper-class women played a significant role in the intellectual and political life of the late Republic." What were some of the ways in which this was true?

EC3. How was the triumvirate of Octavian, Antony, and Lepidus different from the previous triumvirate of Pompey, Crassus, and Caesar? What did the two triumvirates have in common (apart from consisting of three men)?

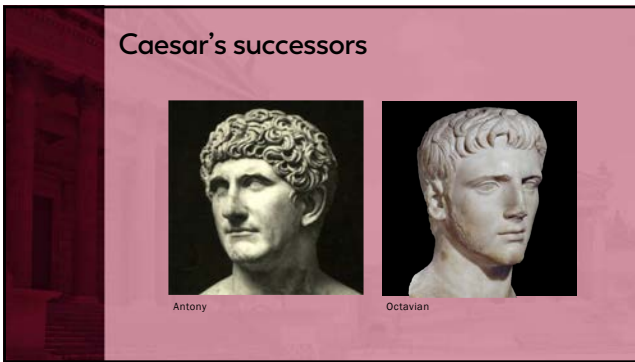
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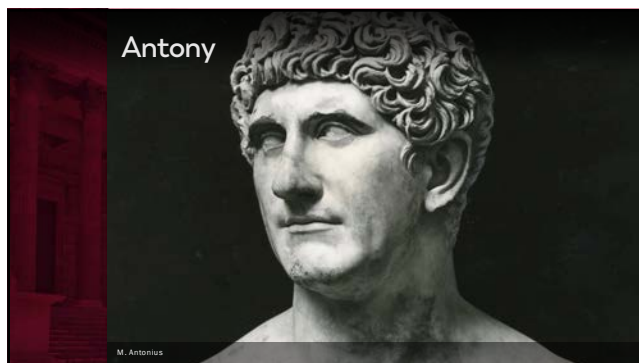
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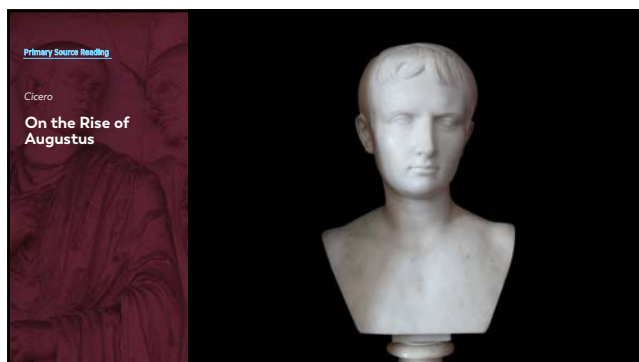
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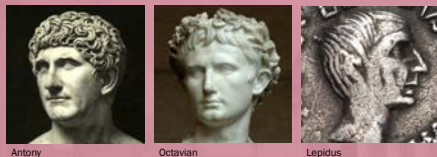


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The Triumvirate (43-36 BCE)



Antony

Octavian

Lepidus

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Proscriptions under the Triumvirate

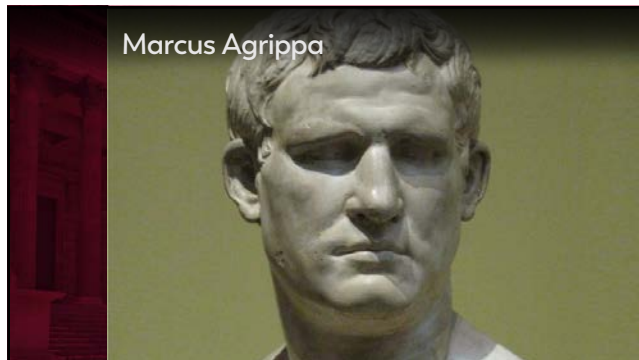


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The Defeat of the "Liberators"



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Battle of Actium

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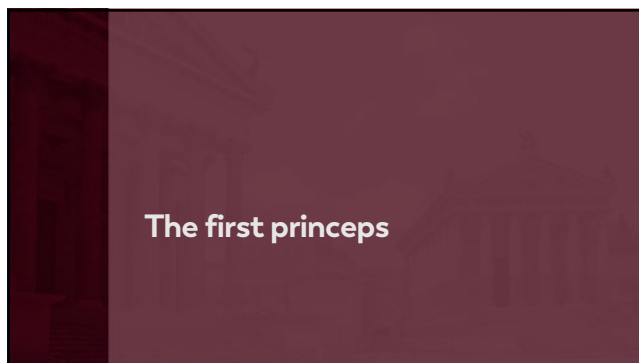
Octavian after Actium

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When does the Republic end?

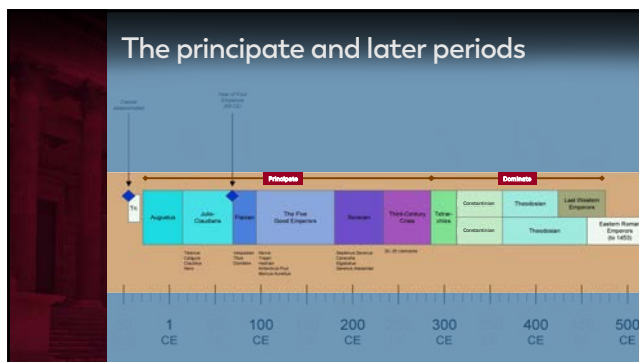
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First settlement (27 BCE)

- "Restoration of the Republic"
- Ten-year guardianship of provinces
- Titles of Augustus and Princeps
 - (Begins calling himself Imperator Caesar divi filius)
- Right to hang the corona civica
- Annual consulship


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Second settlement (23 BCE)

- Consular imperium
 - Commander of every army
 - Superior of every governor
 - Supreme authority over city of Rome
- Power of a tribune of the plebs
 - Convene the Senate
 - Veto
 - Sacrosanctity
- Power of a censor
 - Supervision of morals and senate membership
 - Judicial review
 - Census

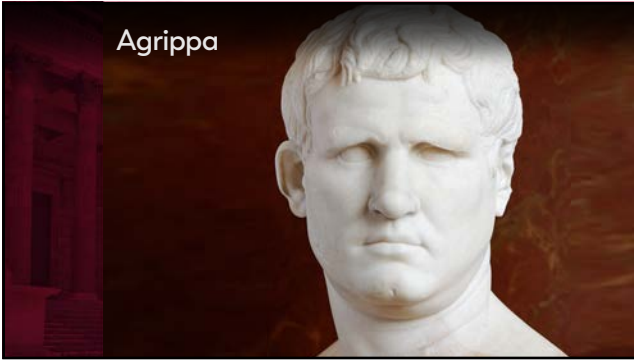
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Other powers of Augustus

- pontifex maximus (12 BCE)
- Caesar's name

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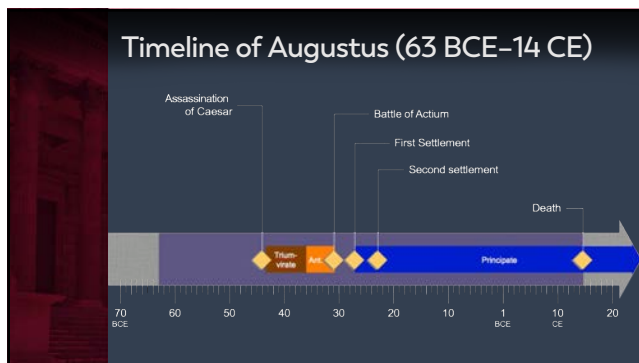
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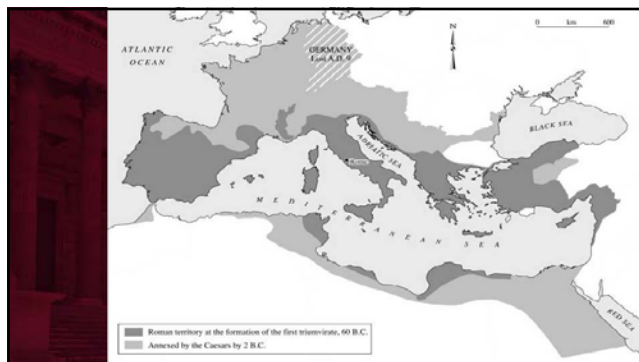
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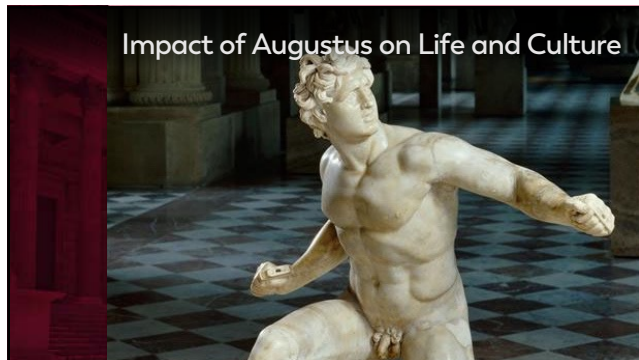
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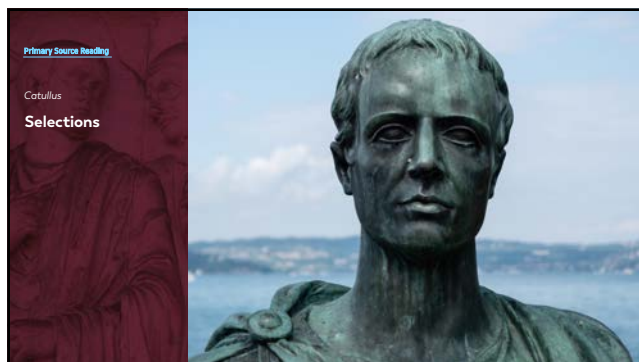
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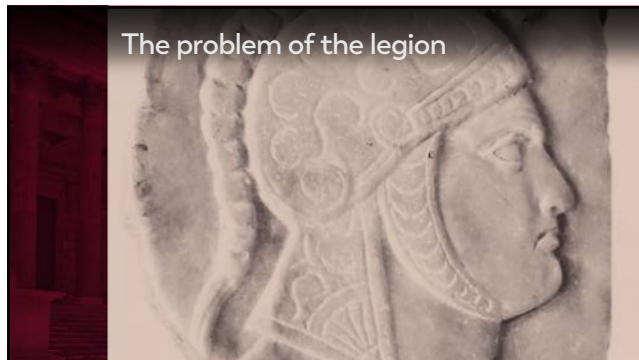
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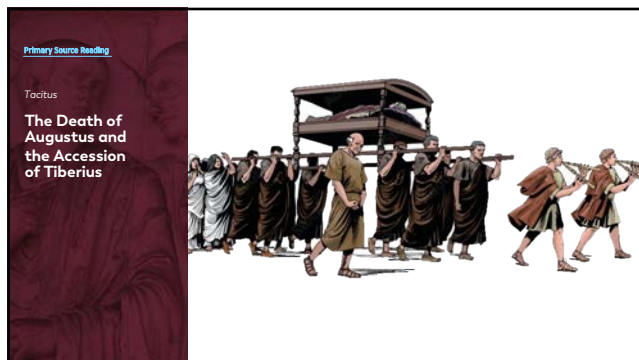
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