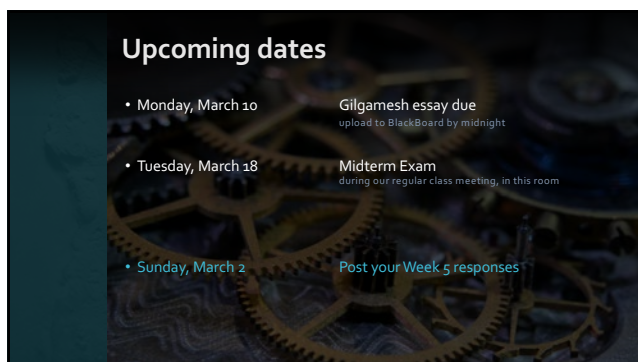
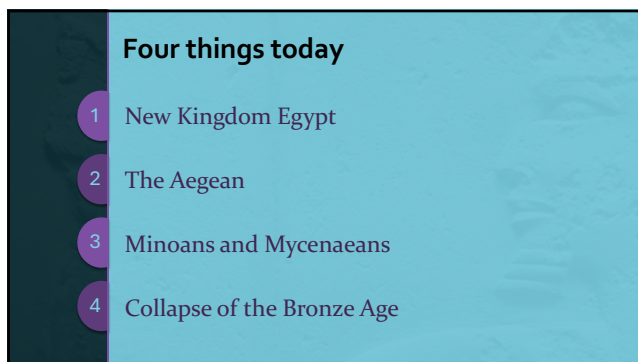


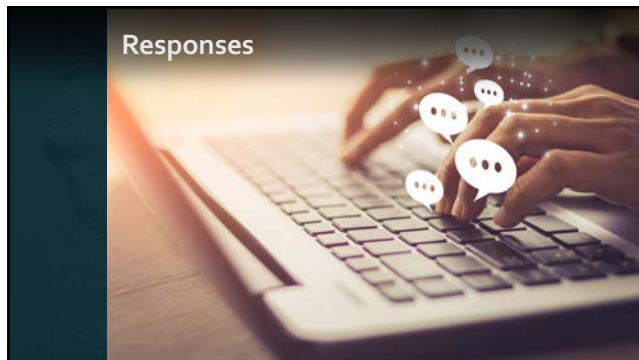
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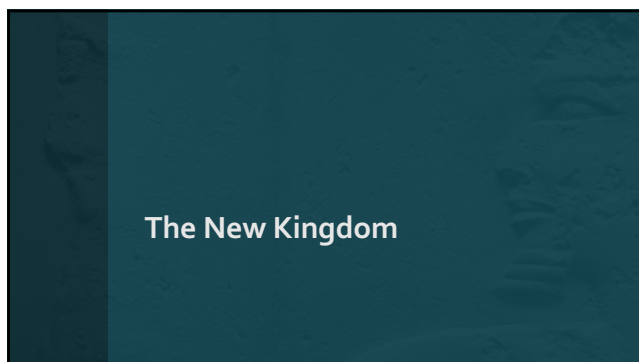
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Nefertiti



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Nubia



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Semitic labor



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The world-views of Sumer and Egypt

- Humans and the natural world
- Humans and the divine
- The ruler as intermediary

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The Bronze Age Aegean

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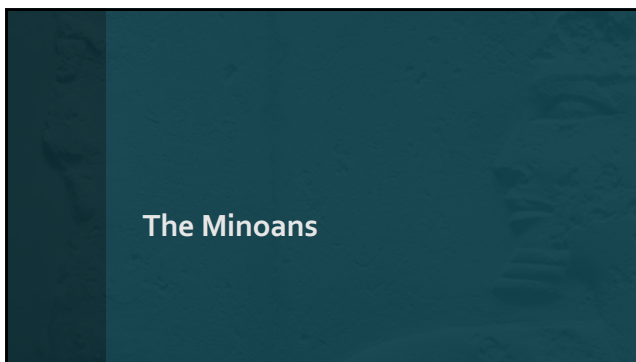
The Aegean in the Bronze Age



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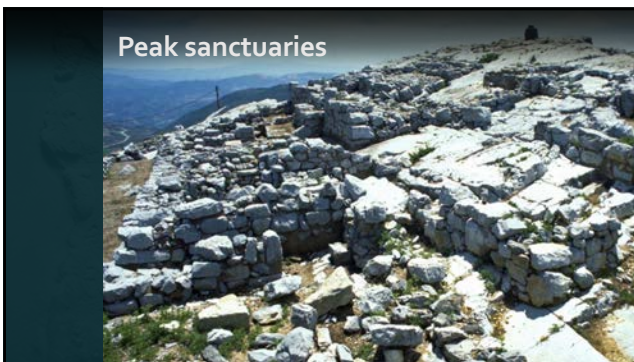
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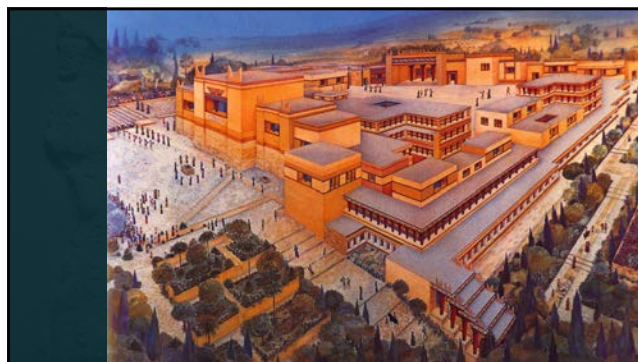
Linear A

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Palace-cities

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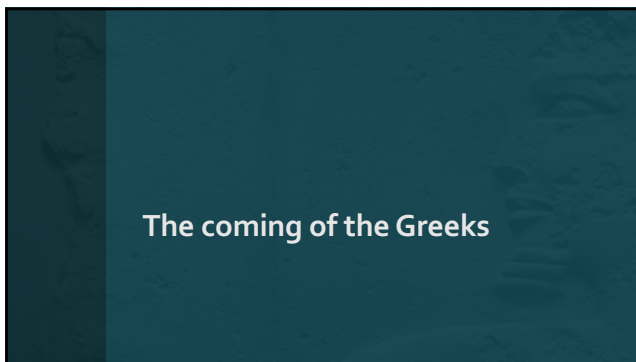
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Indo-Europeans

- Decentralized
- Nonurban
- Tribal
- Pastoral

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PIE Root Word	Wagon Part	Daughter Languages
*k ^w ék ^w los	(wheel)	<i>Old Norse</i> hvefl 'wheel'; <i>Old English</i> hweohl 'wheel'; <i>Middle Dutch</i> wiel 'wheel'; <i>Avestan</i> Iranian <i>čaxtra-</i> 'wheel'; <i>Old Indic</i> cakrá 'wheel, Sun disc'; <i>Greek</i> kuklos 'circle' and kukla (plural) 'wheels'; <i>Tocharian A</i> kukal 'wagon'; <i>Tocharian B</i> kukale 'wagon'
*rot ^w -eh ₂ -	(wheel)	<i>Old Irish</i> roth 'wheel'; <i>Wish</i> rhot 'wheel'; <i>Latin</i> rota 'wheel'; <i>Old High German</i> rad 'wheel'; <i>Lithuanian</i> ratas 'wheel'; <i>Latvian</i> rats 'wheel' and rati (plural) 'wagons'; <i>Albanian</i> rreth 'ring, hoop, carriage tire'; <i>Avestan</i> Iranian ratha 'chariot, wagon'; <i>Old Indic</i> ratha 'chariot, wagon'
*ak ^w -s ₁ - or	(axle)	<i>Latin</i> axis 'axle, axle'; <i>Old English</i> ax 'axle'; <i>Old High German</i> 'ak ^w 's ₁ 'axle'; <i>Old Prussian</i> asis 'axle'; <i>Lithuanian</i> ašis 'axle'; <i>Old Church Slavonic</i> osŭ 'axle'; <i>Myenaean Greek</i> a ^w -ko-so-ne 'axle'; <i>Old Indic</i> áksa 'axle'
*weǵh ² eti-	(ride)	<i>Wish</i> amwin 'drive about'; <i>Latin</i> vehō 'bear, convey'; <i>Old Norse</i> veiga 'bring, move'; <i>Old High German</i> wegan 'move, weigh'; <i>Lithuanian</i> veiti 'drive'; <i>Old Church Slavonic</i> vezŭ 'drive'; <i>Avestan</i> Iranian vaxaiti 'transport, guide'; <i>Old Indic</i> vāhātī 'transport, carries, convey'. Derivative nouns have the meaning 'wagon' in <i>Greek</i> , <i>Old Irish</i> , <i>Wish</i> , <i>Old High German</i> , and <i>Old</i>

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Words I-E Greeks had to borrow

- Maritime terms, words for the sea, shipping
 - (e.g. θάλασσα thalassa "sea")
- Words relating to Mediterranean agriculture
 - (e.g. ἐλάια (eláia) "olive", ἀμπέλος ampelos "vine")
- Words regarding rulers, given by the populace
 - (e.g. τύραννος, tyrannos "tyrant"; βασιλεύς basileus "warrior king")
- Building technology
 - (e.g. πύργος pyrgos "tower")
- Personal names and theonyms
 - (e.g. Ὀδυσσεύς Odysseus)
 - (e.g. Ἑρμῆς Hermes)
- Place names
 - -nth- (e.g. Κόρινθος Korinthos, Ζάκυνθος Zakynthos)
 - -ss- (e.g. Παρνασσός Parnassos)
 - -tt- (e.g. Λυκαβηττός Lykabettos)

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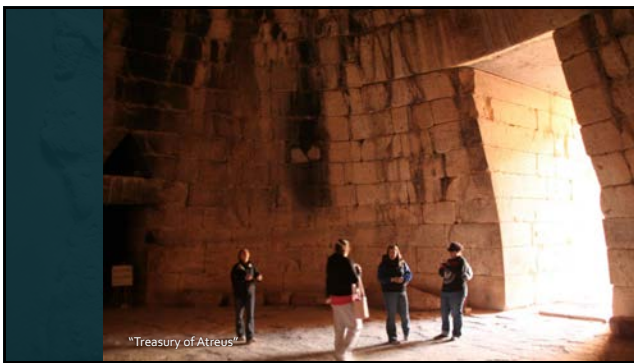
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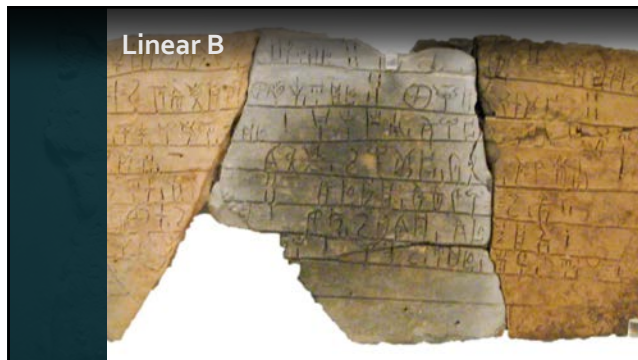
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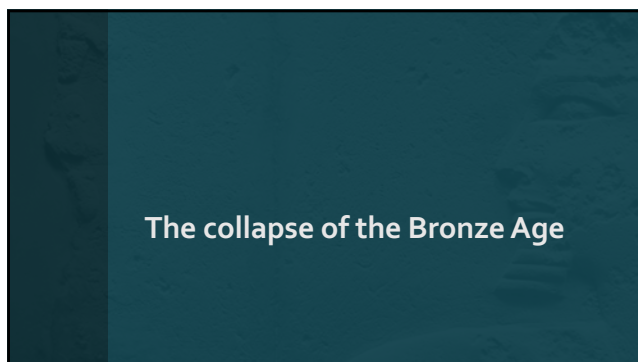
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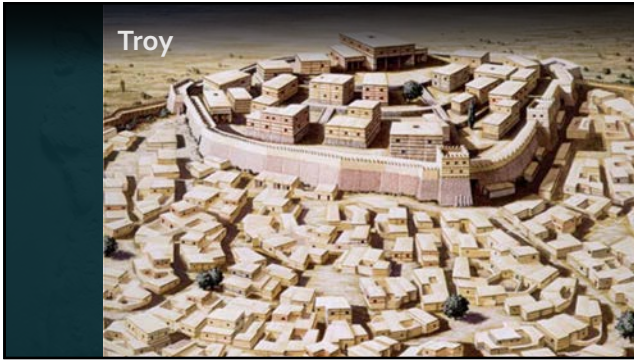
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Troy

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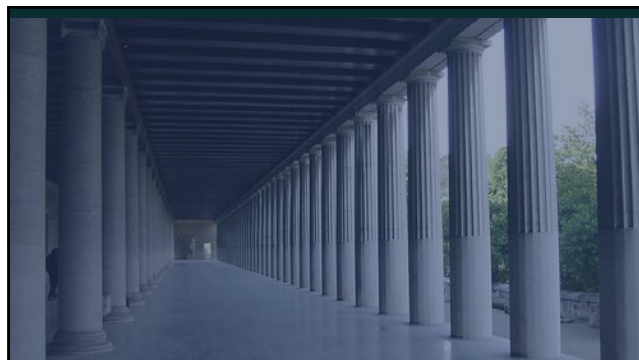


Collapse of the Bronze Age

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