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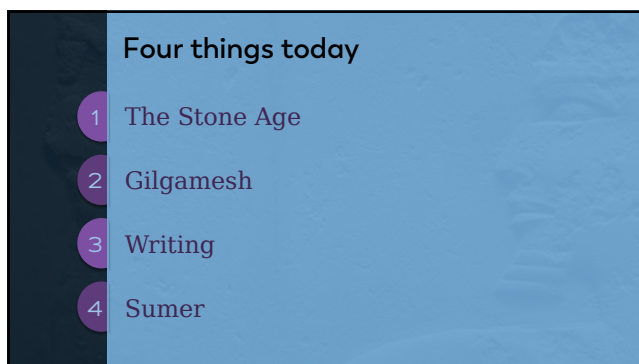
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Questions about whatever



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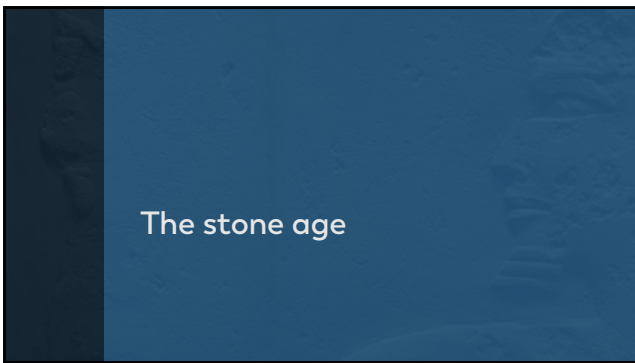
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The stone age



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The Paleolithic (Old Stone Age)



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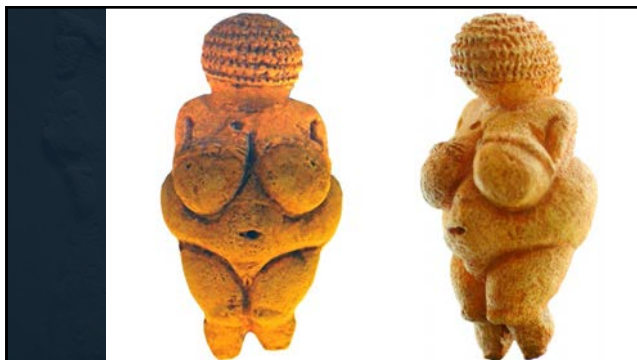
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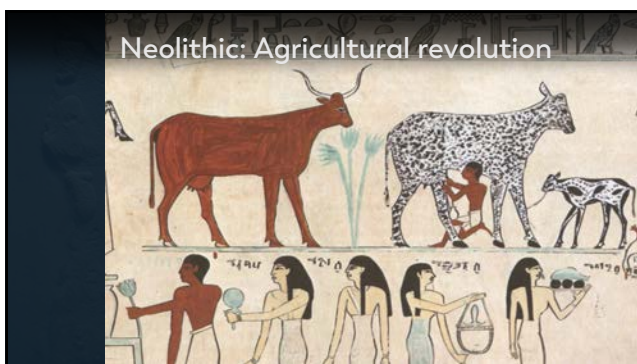
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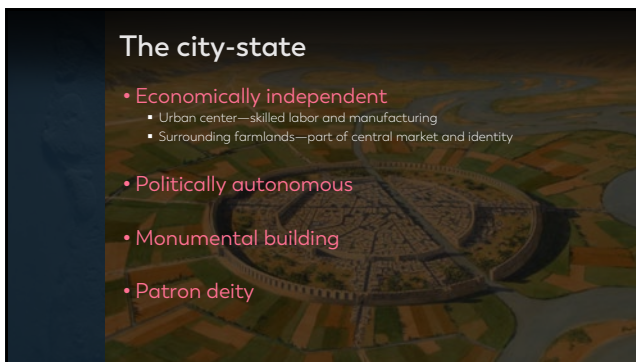
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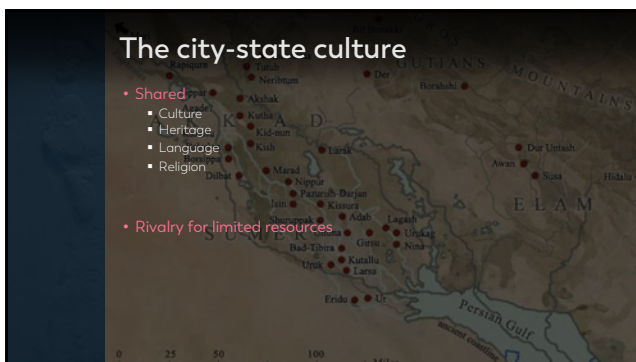
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### Civilization as social revolution

- Complex social structures
  - Division of labor
  - Class
  - Forms of government
  - Citizen and noncitizen
- The responsibilities of the citizen
  - The individual is subordinated to the community
- The responsibilities of gender

MEN	PUBLIC	PRESENT
WOMEN	PRIVATE	FUTURE

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### Forms of government

- Democracy: δῆμος 'people' + κράτος 'power'
- Republic: RES PUBLICA 'public matters'
- Oligarchy: ὀλίγος 'few' + ἄρχων 'leader'
- Autocracy: αὐτός 'self' + κράτος 'power'
  - Tyranny: τύραννος 'lord and master'
  - Monarchy: μόνος 'alone' + ἄρχων 'leader'
  - Dynasty: δύναμις 'to be able, to be strong enough'
- Theocracy: θεός 'deity' + κράτος 'power'
- Citizen: CIVITAS 'city-dwellers'
- Constitution: CONSTITUO 'settled, agreed upon'
- Empire: IMPERIUM 'power to command, compel'

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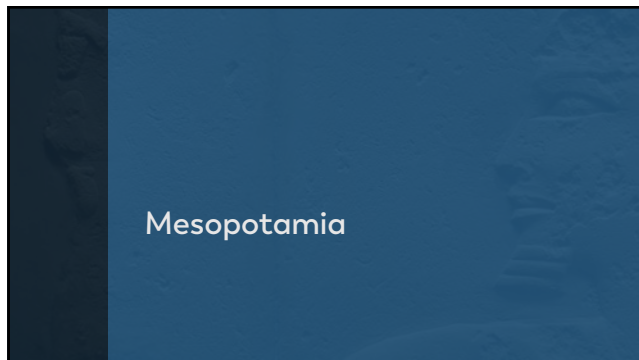
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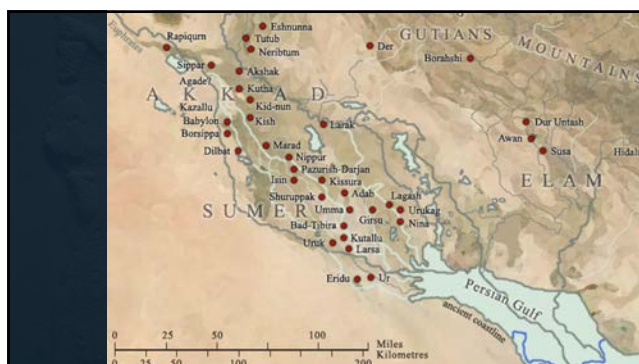
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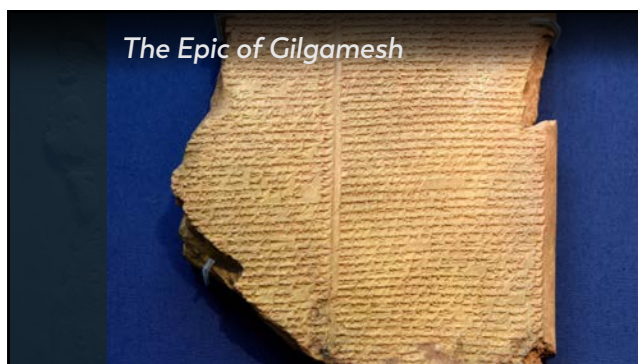
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### Cylinder seals



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### Ways of looking at the Epic

- Gilgamesh as a priest-king
- Gilgamesh as a mortal
- Gilgamesh as a man

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### Characters

- Gilgámesh                      king of Úruk
- Nínsun                            his divine mother
- Enkidu                            his friend
- Shámhat                         a prostitute in Úruk
- Shámash                        sun-god
- Humbába                        forest guardian

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Tablet 1

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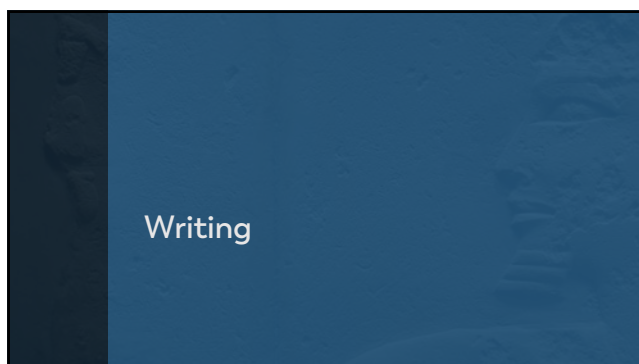
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Writing

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### Forms of writing

PICTOGRAPHS	SYLLABARIES	ALPHABETS
Each character represents a word or a concept	Each character represents a syllable (consonant + vowel)	Each character represents a sound
		
<small>Cuneiform</small>	<small>Linear B</small>	<small>Greek</small>
		
<small>Hieroglyphs</small>	<small>Ancient Egyptian</small>	<small>Latin</small>

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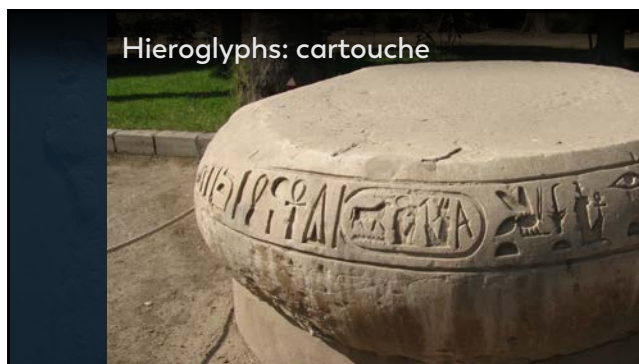
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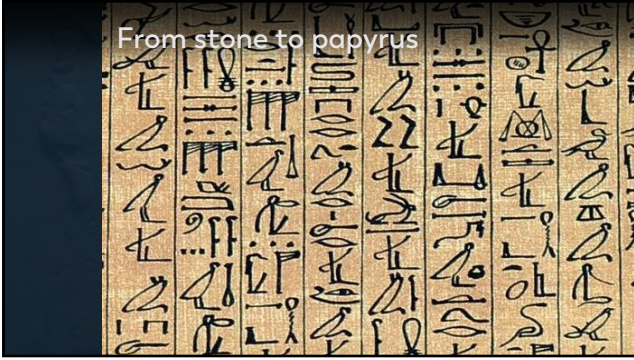
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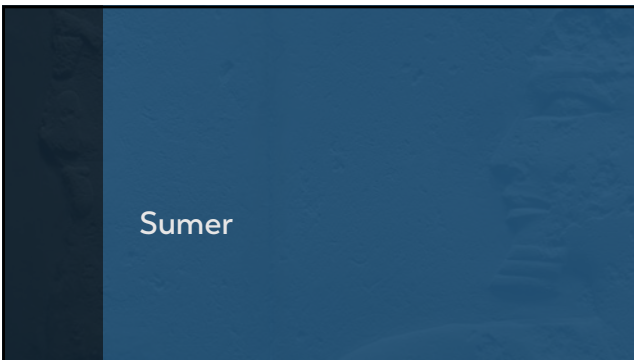
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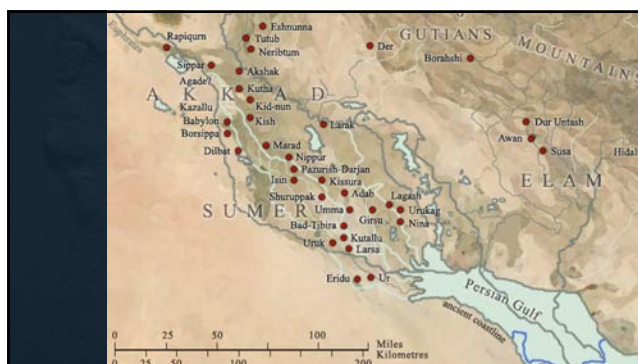
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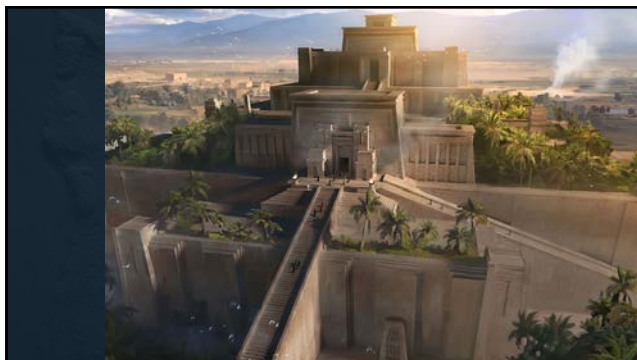
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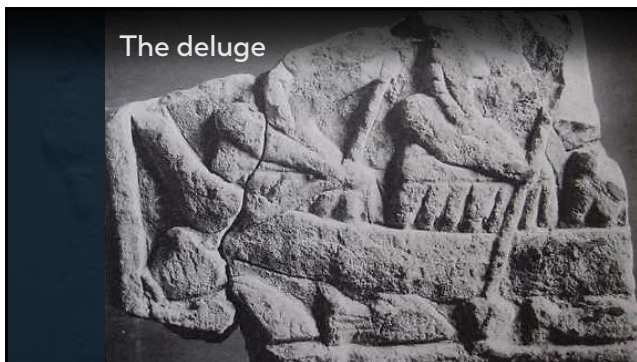
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